



Economic Impacts

2022



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INTRODUCTION

The spirits industry generates an estimated \$200 billion in economic activity in the United States on an annual basis.

The spirits industry is a significant economic engine in the U.S. economy, generating an estimated \$200 billion in economic activity and supporting 1.7 million jobs on an annual basis. The industry has shown steady growth (in terms of revenue and volume) over the past 20 years, and spirits accounted for more than 40% of total U.S. alcohol revenue in 2021.

Beyond the economic impacts attributable to sales, revenue, and production, the industry also generates additional tourism-related impacts as customers visit distilleries and collections of distilleries along distillery trails. A portion of distillery visitors includes non-local visitors who also frequent other businesses and establishments during their trip to the region, including restaurants, hotels, and other recreation and amusement attractions.

RESEARCH OVERVIEW

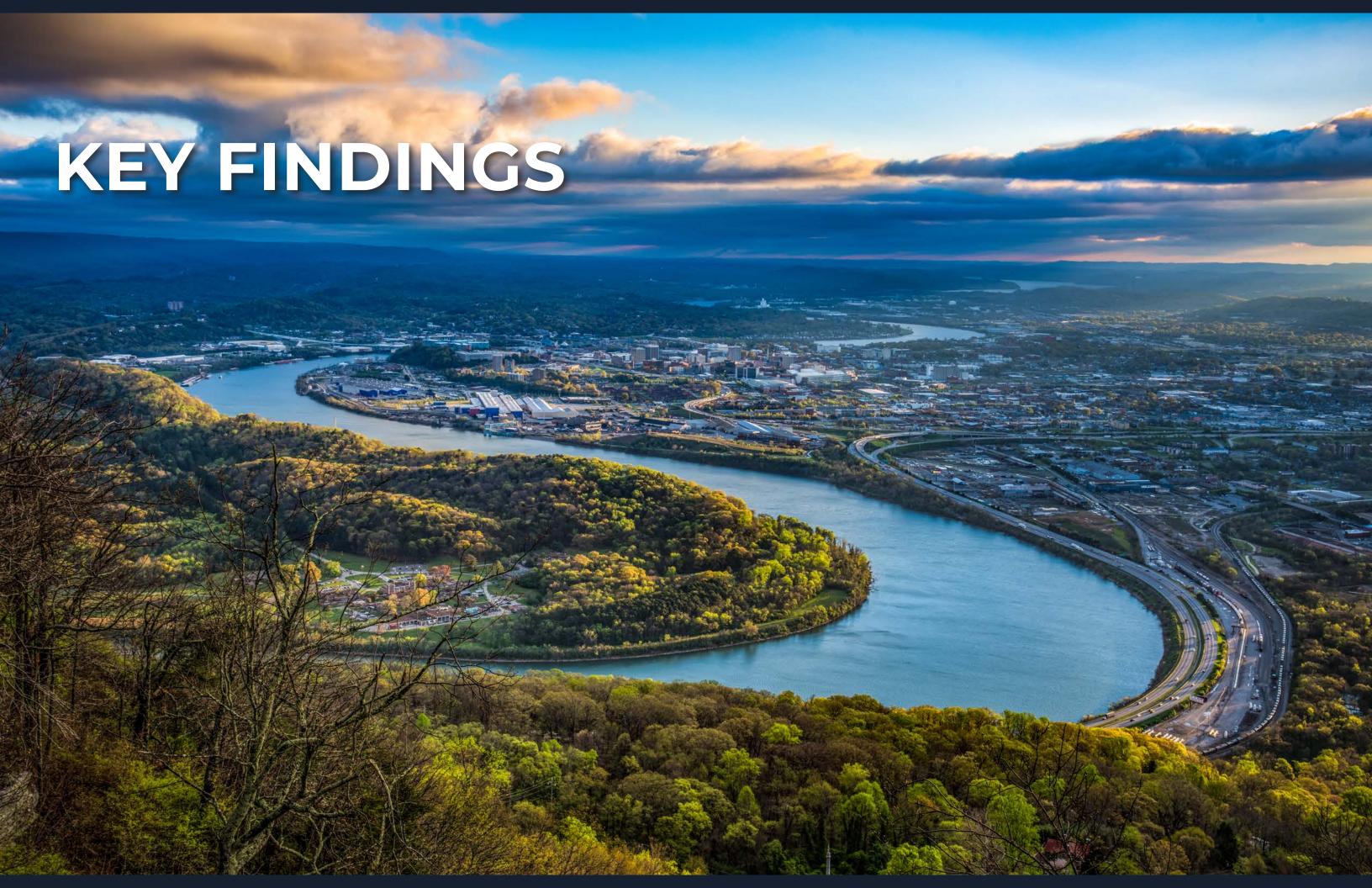
The Tennessee Whiskey Trail commissioned Tourism Economics, a subsidiary of Oxford Economics, to analyze the various channels of economic and fiscal (tax) benefits attributable to tourism generated by distilleries currently operating in Tennessee. The economic impact analysis references distillery tourism spending in 2022 in order to capture the economic impacts on the state economy as it rebounds from the effects of COVID-19 on the tourism industry.

To quantify the economic impacts, Tourism Economics prepared a comprehensive model to estimate the impacts arising from distillery visitors' spending both on-site at Tennessee distilleries and also at off-site establishments surrounding distilleries.

In order to best capture the impacts of distillery tourism throughout Tennessee, Tourism Economics based the impact modeling on an IMPLAN input-output (I-O) model for the statewide economy of Tennessee, as well as its existing, annual work analyzing the economic impacts of all visitors in Tennessee .

The results of this study show the scope of the impacts of distillery tourism in terms of on-site and off-site spending by distillery visitors, as well as the total economic impacts of distillery tourism, including total business sales, employment, labor income, and fiscal (tax) impacts in the State of Tennessee in 2022.





Summary Economic Impacts

Direct Spending Impacts

Distilleries in Tennessee attracted an estimated 8.0 million visits in 2022 including 3.0 million visits by non-local daytrip visitors and 5.0 million visits by non-local overnight visitors.

In addition to spending money during their visit to distilleries, visitors will also spend money at businesses and establishments in the local economy, including local restaurants, retailers, and recreation/entertainment venues. Tourism Economics estimates that total on-site and off-site spending by non-local distillery visitors amounted to \$2.05 billion in 2022, including \$1.65 billion in spending by non-local overnight visitors and \$0.40 billion in spending by non-local daytrip visitors.

Summary Direct Impacts of Distillery Tourism in Tennessee



\$1.65B

On-Site & Off-Site Spending by Non-Local Overnight Distillery Visitors



\$0.40B

On-Site & Off-Site Spending by Non-Local Daytrip Distillery Visitors



\$2.05B

Total Spending by Non-Local Overnight and Daytrip Distillery Visitors in Tennessee in 2022



Total Economic Impacts of Distillery Tourism in Tennessee

The \$2.05 billion in total spending by non-local distillery visitors generated a total economic impact of \$3.45 billion in the statewide economy of Tennessee in 2022. This total economic impact of \$3.45 billion supported approximately 30,000 part-time and full-time jobs and generated \$232.3 million in state and local tax revenues.



\$3.45 BILLION

Total Economic Impact of Distillery Tourism in Tennessee in 2022



DIRECT IMPACTS



Non-local distillery visitors spent a total of \$2.05 billion at distilleries and at off-site businesses and establishments in Tennessee in 2022.

The first step in economic impact analysis is to estimate direct spending impacts attributable to distillery tourism in Tennessee. In addition to spending money during their visit to distilleries in Tennessee, non-local distillery visitors also spent money at businesses and establishments in the regional economy during their stay in the area, including local restaurants, retailers, and recreation/entertainment venues. These direct impacts ultimately serve as the inputs for the economic impact model.

The analysis excludes visits and spending by local distillery patrons, since their spending at distilleries, restaurants, and other local businesses would have occurred in the regional economy even if they had not visited a distillery.

The economic impact analysis references distillery tourism spending in 2022 in order to capture the economic impacts on the state economy as it rebounds from the effects of COVID-19 on the tourism industry.



Direct Impacts

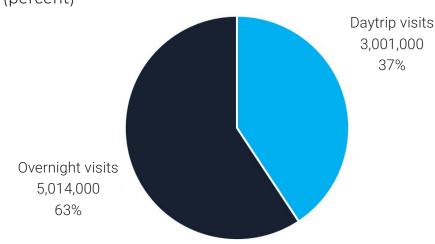
Distillery Tourism Spending

In addition to spending money during their visit to distilleries in Tennessee, non-local distillery visitors also spent money at businesses and establishments in the regional economy during their stay in the area, including local restaurants, retailers, and recreation/entertainment venues.

Overall, overnight vists represented 63% of non-local visits to distilleries, and daytrip vists represented 37% of non-local visits. International visits represented 3.1% of total non-local visits to distilleries in Tennessee in 2022.

Tourism Economics estimates that total spending by non-local distillery visitors in Tennessee amounted to \$2.05 billion in 2022, including \$1.65 billion in spending by non-local overnight visitors and \$0.40 billion in spending by non-local daytrip visitors.

Shares of Non-Local Distillery Visits in Tennessee (2022), by Type of Visit (percent)



Source: Tourism Economics

Visitor Spending by Non-Local Distillery Visitors in Tennessee (2022)

(\$ millions)

Description	Amount
Total spending by distillery visitors	\$2,049.2
Spending by overnight visitors	\$1,650.0
Spending by daytrip visitors	\$399.2

Source: Tourism Economics



Direct Impacts

Distillery Tourism Spending

Non-local distillery visitors spent a total of \$2.05 billion at distilleries and at off-site businesses and establishments in Tennessee in 2022

The \$2.05 billion in on-site and offsite spending by non-local distillery visitors in 2022 spanned a number of industries.

As shown in the accompanying figure, Tourism Economics estimates that non-local distillery visitors spent \$676.6 million on lodging, \$487.0 million on food and beverage, \$387.3 million on retail, \$303.6 million on entertainment and recreation, and \$194.7 million on transportation (including gasoline purchases).



\$2.05 BILLION

Total Spending by Non-Local Distillery Visitors in Tennessee in 2022



\$676.6M LODGING

Hotels, motels, short-term rentals, and other lodging



\$487.0M FOOD & BEVERAGE

Distilleries, full-serivce restaurants, fast food, convenience stores, and alcohol



\$387.3M RETAIL

Souvenirs, general merchandise, malls, and local retailers



\$303.6M RECREATION

Amusements, theaters, entertainment, and other recreation



\$194.7M TRANSPORTATION

Taxis, buses, parking, public transportation, ride share, and gasoline





Economic Impacts

Methodology

Tourism Economics estimated the economic impacts of spending by non-local distillery visitors using regional Input-Output (I-O) models based on customized IMPLAN (www.implan. com) models for the statewide economy of Tennessee. IMPLAN is recognized as an industry standard in local, regional, and state-level I-O models. An I-O model represents a profile of an economy by measuring the relationships among industries and consumers to track the flow of industry revenue to wages, profits, capital, taxes, and suppliers. The supply chain is traced as dollars flow through the economy, representing indirect impacts. The model also calculates the induced impacts of spending. Induced impacts represent benefits to the economy as incomes earned as a result of direct spending are spent in the local economy, generating additional sales, jobs, taxes, and income.

The modeling process begins with aligning the direct expenditure measurements with the related sectors in the model (e.g. hotels, restaurants, retail, and recreation). The model is then run to trace the flow of these expenditures through the economy. In this process, the interrelationships between consumers and industries generate each level of impact.

IMPLAN calculates three levels of impact – direct, indirect, and induced – for a broad set of indicators.

These include the following:

- Business sales (also called gross output)
- Household income (including wages and benefits)
- Employment
- Federal taxes
- State and local taxes

Economic ImpactFramework





TOURISM ECONOMICS



Economic Impact: Business Sales by Industry

Spending by non-local distillery tourists generated a total economic impact of \$3.45 billion in the state of Tennessee in 2022.

The \$2.05 billion in spending by non-local distillery tourists generated \$0.68 billion in indirect business sales and \$0.72 billion in induced business sales, resulting in a total economic impact of \$3.45 billion in Tennessee in 2022.

Business Sales Impacts - State of Tennessee (2022)



\$2.05B

Direct Business Sales \$0.68B +

Indirect

Business

Sales

.)

\$0.72B

Induced Business Sales

\$3.45B

Total Economic Impact

Distillery Tourism in Tennessee

Business Sales Impacts by Industry (\$ millions)

	Direct Business Sales	Indirect Business Sales	Induced Business Sales	Total Business Sales
Total, all industries	\$2,049.2	\$683.0	\$715.7	\$3,447.8
By industry				
Lodging	\$676.6	\$0.1	\$0.3	\$677.0
Food & Beverage	\$487.0	\$31.9	\$54.6	\$573.6
Retail Trade	\$387.3	\$10.8	\$60.5	\$458.5
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	\$0.0	\$172.9	\$219.7	\$392.6
Recreation and Entertainment	\$303.6	\$9.2	\$12.2	\$325.0
Business Services	\$0.0	\$190.2	\$64.3	\$254.5
Other Transport	\$107.1	\$33.6	\$19.4	\$160.0
Education and Health Care	\$0.0	\$1.4	\$125.8	\$127.2
Education and Social Services	\$87.6	\$1.3	\$4.0	\$93.0
Communications	\$0.0	\$61.8	\$29.9	\$91.7
Government	\$0.0	\$54.0	\$19.1	\$73.1
Wholesale Trade	\$0.0	\$32.0	\$35.0	\$67.1
Manufacturing	\$0.0	\$34.1	\$23.4	\$57.5
Personal Services	\$0.0	\$20.2	\$31.1	\$51.3
Construction and Utilities	\$0.0	\$24.9	\$11.4	\$36.3
Agriculture, Fishing, Mining	\$0.0	\$2.7	\$2.3	\$5.0
Air Transport	\$0.0	\$1.6	\$2.7	\$4.3

Source: Tourism Economics

Note: Totals may not sum due to rounding.



Economic Impact: Employment by Industry

Distillery tourism supported approximately 30,000 total jobs throughout Tennessee in 2022.

Distillery tourim in Tennessee directly supported 22,000 full-time and part-time jobs in 2022. Indirect and induced impacts generated 3,700 indirect jobs and 4,300 induced jobs, resulting in nearly 30,000 total jobs throughout Tennessee.

Employment impacts by industry

(number of part-time and full-time jobs)

	Direct Employment	Indirect Employment	Induced Employment	Total Employment
Total, all industries	21,895	3,747	4,336	29,978
By industry				
Food & Beverage	8,755	424	701	9,880
Recreation and Entertainment	4,235	71	118	4,423
Lodging	4,286	1	3	4,290
Retail Trade	2,867	102	603	3,573
Other Transport	1,568	292	172	2,033
Education and Social Services	0	1,350	491	1,841
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	0	727	525	1,252
Education and Health Care	0	16	980	996
Personal Services	0	195	364	559
Gasoline Stations	183	11	33	227
Wholesale Trade	0	101	98	199
Communications	0	128	70	197
Government	0	142	49	191
Manufacturing	0	86	45	131
Construction and Utilities	0	70	41	110
Agriculture, Fishing, Mining	0	29	38	67
Air Transport	0	4	6	10

Source: Tourism Economics

Note: Totals may not sum due to rounding

Distillery Tourism in TennesseeEconomic Impact: Labor Income by Industry

Distillery tourism generated \$915.2 million in total labor income throughout Tennessee in 2022.

Distillery tourism generated \$540.6 million in direct labor income and \$915.2 million in total labor income, including indirect and induced income, throughout Tennessee in 2022.

Labor income impacts by industry

(\$ millions)

	Direct Labor Income	Indirect Labor Income	Induced Labor Income	Total Labor Income
Total, all industries	\$540.6	\$186.4	\$188.1	\$915.2
By industry				
Food & Beverage	\$195.8	\$11.8	\$16.9	\$224.5
Lodging	\$149.2	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$149.3
Recreation and Entertainment	\$113.9	\$1.9	\$3.1	\$118.9
Business Services	\$0.0	\$82.7	\$26.5	\$109.2
Retail Trade	\$60.5	\$3.1	\$18.0	\$81.6
Education and Social Services	\$0.0	\$0.6	\$55.7	\$56.4
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	\$0.0	\$23.4	\$24.8	\$48.2
Other Transport	\$16.0	\$14.0	\$7.5	\$37.5
Government	\$0.0	\$15.8	\$5.1	\$20.9
Personal Services	\$0.0	\$6.8	\$10.7	\$17.5
Wholesale Trade	\$0.0	\$8.1	\$8.5	\$16.6
Communications	\$0.0	\$8.7	\$4.9	\$13.6
Manufacturing	\$0.0	\$5.3	\$2.9	\$8.2
Gasoline Stations	\$5.2	\$0.3	\$0.9	\$6.4
Construction and Utilities	\$0.0	\$3.3	\$1.8	\$5.1
Air Transport	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.3	\$0.5
Agriculture, Fishing, Mining	\$0.0	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.5

Source: Tourism Economics

Note: Totals may not sum due to rounding.

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Economic impact: Tax Generation

The total economic impact of \$3.45 billion attributable to distillery tourism generated a total fiscal (tax) impact of \$441.1 million, including \$232.3 million in state and local tax revenues throughout Tennessee in 2022.

Distillery tourism generated a total fiscal (tax) impact of \$441.1 million throughout Tennessee in 2022.

Total federal taxes amounted to \$208.9 million, including \$87.1 million in personal income taxes, \$15.0 million in corporate taxes, \$19.5 million in indirect business taxes, and \$87.3 million in social insurance taxes.

Total state and local taxes in Tennessee amounted to \$232.3 million, including \$136.9 million in sales taxes, \$7.9 million in corporate taxes, \$24.3 million in excise taxes and fees, and \$63.2 million in property taxes in 2022.



ABOUT THE RESEARCH TEAM





Oxford Economics was founded in 1981 as a commercial venture with Oxford University's business college to provide economic forecasting and modelling to UK companies and financial institutions expanding abroad. Since then, we have become one of the world's foremost independent global advisory firms, providing reports, forecasts and analytical tools on 200 countries, 100 industrial sectors and over 3,000 cities. Our best-of-class global economic and industry models and analytical tools give us an unparalleled ability to forecast external market trends and assess their economic, social and business impact.

Oxford Economics is an adviser to corporate, financial and government decision-makers and thought leaders. Our worldwide client base comprises over 2,000 international organizations, including leading multinational companies and financial institutions; key government bodies and trade associations; and top universities, consultancies, and think tanks.

This study was conducted by the Tourism Economics group within Oxford Economics. Tourism Economics combines an understanding of traveler dynamics with rigorous economics in order to answer the most important questions facing destinations, investors, and strategic planners. By combining quantitative methods with industry knowledge, Tourism Economics designs custom market strategies, destination recovery plans, forecasting models, policy analysis, and economic impact studies.

Oxford Economics employs 400 full-time staff, including 250 professional economists and analysts. Headquartered in Oxford, England, with regional centers in London, Tennessee, and Singapore, Oxford Economics has offices across the globe in Belfast, Chicago, Dubai, Miami, Milan, Paris, Philadelphia, San Francisco, and Washington DC.



